



# Leveraging the Discourse of Common Core Standards to Spur Conversations for Student Learning and School Libraries

**presented by Buffy J. Hamilton**  
Georgia Library Media Association  
Summer Institute June 2012

A ball of vibrant red yarn is positioned on the left side of the image, resting on a dark, textured surface. The yarn is tightly wound but has several loose strands extending outwards, particularly towards the right. The background is a soft, out-of-focus landscape with a light horizon line, suggesting a sunset or sunrise over a body of water or a wide plain. The overall mood is contemplative and evocative.

**“These are the  
times  
that try  
men’s  
souls...”**

Thomas Paine, *The Crisis*



A landscape photograph of a dry lake bed with mountains in the background and a large rock in the foreground. The sky is blue with white clouds, and the water is shallow and reflects the sky and mountains. The foreground is sandy and cracked, with a large, smooth, grey rock in the lower right corner.

**shifting roles of educators in  
the landscape of public  
education**



**statewide budget crisis in  
education**



# tension between the corporate driven direction of public education and grass-roots reform movements





**reality check: there are no bulletproof,  
fail proof advocacy measures**





**Danger of Death  
by Failing**









**DEAD  
END**

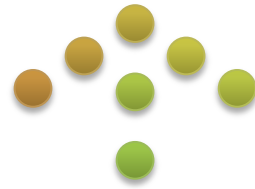


**Hey librarian,  
feeling  
uncomfortable  
and stressed  
about Common  
Core Standards?  
Loosen up your  
bun and let me  
unpack them for  
you.**





# Overview



5

**Five Action Steps You  
Can Take NOW**



**Common Core  
Georgia Performance  
Standards**



**What are Common  
Core Standards?**





# Common Core State Standards Initiative 101



# COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS INITIATIVE

PREPARING AMERICA'S STUDENTS FOR COLLEGE & CAREER

Home

About the Standards

Voices of Support

News

Resources

FAQ

The Standards



## Common Standards

Building on the excellent foundation of standards states have laid, the Common Core State Standards are the first step in providing our young people with a high-quality education. It should be clear to every student, parent, and teacher what the standards of success are in every school.

[Learn more »](#)



Common Standards



State Adoption



Voices of Support

### Mission Statement

The Common Core State Standards provide a consistent, clear understanding of what students are expected to learn, so teachers and parents know what they need to do to help them. The standards are designed to be robust and relevant to the real world, reflecting the knowledge and skills that our young people need for success in college and careers. With American students fully prepared for the future, our communities will be best positioned to

### Official Identifiers & Metadata Project

[Click here to learn more!](#)

<http://www.corestandards.org/>





**Initiative led by states**

**Not a national curriculum or curriculum**

**Adopted by 45 states**

**Evidence based**

**Are aligned with college and work expectations (career and college readiness)**



**Are clear, understandable and consistent**



**Include rigorous content and application of knowledge through high-order skills**



**Build upon strengths and lessons of current state standards**



**Designed to prepare all students are prepared to succeed in our global economy and society**







**Georgia  
Performance  
Common Core  
Standards Toolkit**



**BROWSE COMMON CORE****Browse Common Core**

- English Language Arts
- Literacy in History/SS, Science & Technical Subjects
- Mathematics
- CCGPS GPB Professional Learning Sessions

## Common Core Georgia Performance Standards

### Common Core Georgia Performance Standards

Georgia joined with 47 other states well over a year ago to develop a set of core standards for K-12 in English language arts and mathematics. On June 2, the Common Core State Standards were released. These standards provide a consistent framework to prepare students for success in college and/or the 21st century workplace. These standards represent a common sense next step from the Georgia Performance Standards. The Georgia State Board of Education adopted the CCGPS on July 8, 2010.

### What do they mean for Georgia?

#### Students of Georgia:

- Rigorous knowledge and skills needed to succeed in college and/or careers
- Consistent expectations across states, regardless of whether they decide to go to school at Georgia Tech or UCLA, or find a job in Georgia, Maine or Indiana
- Relevant content and application of knowledge through high-order skills

#### Educators of Georgia:

- Clear, focused expectations that assist them in being on the same page and working together with students and parents for shared goals
- A common-sense next step that is aligned to our Georgia Performance Standards (GPS)

#### Taxpayers of Georgia:

- Long-term potential savings on textbooks and instructional resources that come with consistent materials developed throughout the country

### About the Common Core State Standards

<https://www.georgiastandards.org/Common-Core/Pages/default.aspx>



BROWSE COMMON CORE



Browse Common Core

- **English Language Arts**
  - K-5
  - 6-8
  - 9-12
  - Text Complexity Rubrics
  - Professional Learning Sessions
- Literacy in History/SS, Science & Technical Subjects
- Mathematics
- CCGPS GPB Professional Learning Sessions

## Common Core GPS English Language Arts and Literacy

### HIGHLIGHTS!

- CCGPS Unit Frameworks are currently being added to grade level bands.
- CCGPS ELA Unit-by-Unit Webinar Series: Unit 1 sessions and links listed below.
- Text Complexity Rubrics page available in the orange "Browse Common Core" menu.
- CCGPS Professional Learning Sessions link available in the orange "Browse Common Core" menu.

### ELA Reporter Resources

September 2011

January 2012

October 2011

February 2012

November 2011

March 2012

December 2011

April 2012

### ELA Resource Documents

K-12 Educator Resource  
CCGPS

ELA Resource Locator

ELA Featured Texts for CCGPS

ELA CCGPS Facts & Terms

### CCGPS ELA Unit-by-Unit Webinar Series: UNIT ONE

Grade Level/Course	Date/Time	Session Link
Kindergarten	May 10, 2012	<a href="#">Recording</a>
Grade 1	May 10, 2012	<a href="#">Recording</a>
Grade 2	May 11, 2012	<a href="#">Recording</a>
Grade 3	May 11, 2012	<a href="#">Recording</a>

<https://www.georgiastandards.org/Common-Core/Pages/ELA.aspx>



## Browse Common Core

- **English Language Arts**
  - K-5
  - 6-8
  - 9-12
  - Text Complexity Rubrics
  - Professional Learning Sessions
- Literacy in History/SS, Science & Technical Subjects
- Mathematics
- CCGPS GPB Professional Learning Sessions



**Literacy across  
content areas**



**COMMON CORE GEORGIA PERFORMANCE STANDARDS  
TEXT COMPLEXITY RUBRIC**

**TEXT:** *The Great Gatsby*

**GENRE:** Literary

**GRADE:** 11th

**COMPLEXITY MEASURE**

**LOW (1-3  
POINTS)**

**MODERATE  
(4-6 PTS)**

**HIGH (7-10  
POINTS)**

**Qualitative** aspects of text complexity best measured by an attentive human reader, such as levels of meaning or purpose; structure; language conventionality and clarity; and knowledge demands.

**Levels of meaning.** K-5: Symbolism, abstract thought/technical, academic content  
6-12: Satire, allegory, pun, symbolism, or complex motif/technical, academic content

8  
Symbolism,  
subtext

**Structure.** K-5: Chapters, multiple plot lines, glossaries, headings, or footnotes.  
6-12: Legal documents, technical manuals, non-traditional uses of time or language  
K-12: Text length

8  
Moderate length,  
but sophisticated  
language

**Language conventionality.** K-5: colloquialisms, figurative/ idiomatic language, dialects,  
technical and academic vocabulary  
6-12: Historical language such as Elizabethan or Old English constructions; technical and  
academic vocabulary

8  
Advanced/abstract  
vocabulary;  
complex sentence  
structure

**Background knowledge.** Content with which students might reasonably be expected to  
be acquainted or that will be comprehensible when introduced

8  
Modernism/Jazz  
Age/Roaring '20s

**Quantitative** aspects of text complexity, such as word length or frequency, sentence length, and text cohesion, that are difficult for a human reader to evaluate efficiently, as measured by Lexile.

K-1 n/a  
2-3 450L - 790L  
4-5 770L - 980L  
6-8 955L - 1155L  
9-10 1080L - 1305L  
11-12 1215L - 1355L

3  
(1070)  
Suggests  
upper 8<sup>th</sup>  
Grade

**Reader and Task Considerations** focus on the inherent complexity of text, reader motivation, knowledge, and experience and the purpose and complexity of the task at hand. Best made by teachers employing their professional judgment.

**Does this text challenge readers?** Readers comprehend about 75% of the text, working to make meaning of the remaining 25%

8  
Advanced/abstract  
vocabulary;  
complex sentence  
structure;  
symbolism and  
subtext

**Does this text match the interests of the students?**  
(When appropriate)

8  
Romance; illicit  
behavior; morality



BROWSE COMMON CORE



Browse Common Core

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  - K-5
  - 6-8
  - 9-12
  - Text Complexity Rubrics
  - Professional Learning Sessions
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## English Language Arts and Literacy 6-8

### K-12 Combined Documents

[K-12 ELA CCGPS Educator Resource](#)

### 6-8 English Language Arts CCGPS Overview

Instruction in grades 6-8 addresses students' increasing maturity and the growing sophistication of their abilities, culminating in the development by the end of grade 8 of students who are ready to succeed in high school. Students should be able to comprehend more challenging books and articles, basing all of their analyses, inferences, and claims on explicit and relevant evidence from the texts. Students will expand on their ability to identify central ideas by identifying how those themes are shaped and conveyed by particular details. Their analysis of basic literary elements will extend to identifying connections and complexities within narratives and how individual elements weave together to advance plot and reveal character. The evaluation of the impact of language on tone and meaning will begin to include more sophisticated concepts such as analogy and allusion, subtleties in point of view such as dramatic irony, and a more sophisticated appreciation for connotative diction. These skills will be incorporated into the students' own narrative and expository writing. Students will become increasingly adept at understanding an author's biases, the use of complex rhetorical devices including logical fallacies, and tailoring his or her own prose for maximum influence. While continuing with a variety of literary

*April - July will function as our PEER REVIEW period for the Sample Unit Frameworks posted here on the drop down tab for each grade level. During that time, we welcome your feedback and edits associated with the posted units. At the end of each two week period we will make all relevant edits that have been recommended (note that the extended texts and tasks will not change; but typos, omissions, broken links, etc., will be edited as they are reported). The unit footer will indicate the revision date. Thank you in advance for your collaboration on this important work!*

Click on the to expand the list.

GRADE 6

GRADE 7

GRADE 8



## ☐ GRADE 7

- Seventh Grade Standards
- Seventh Grade Teacher Guidance
- Seventh Grade Crosswalk
- Grades 6-8 Planning Template
- Seventh Grade Curriculum Map
  - Unit 1 Framework
  - Unit 2 Framework
  - Unit 4 Framework

7th Grade English Language Arts Common Core Georgia Performance Standards (ELACCGPS)

READING LITERARY (RL)	READING INFORMATIONAL (RI)
➤ <b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	➤ <b>Key Ideas and Details</b>
<b>ELACC7RL1:</b> Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	<b>ELACC7RI1:</b> Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
<b>ELACC7RL2:</b> Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	<b>ELACC7RI2:</b> Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.
<b>ELACC7RL3:</b> Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how settings shape the characters or plot).	<b>ELACC7RI3:</b> Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events).
➤ <b>Craft and Structure</b>	➤ <b>Craft and Structure</b>
<b>ELACC7RL4:</b> Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.	<b>ELACC7RI4:</b> Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.
<b>ELACC7RL5:</b> Analyze how a drama’s or poem’s form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.	<b>ELACC7RI5:</b> Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.
<b>ELACC7RL6:</b> Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.	<b>ELACC7RI6:</b> Determine an author’s point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.
➤ <b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	➤ <b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>
<b>ELACC7RL7:</b> Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).	<b>ELACC7RI7:</b> Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium’s portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).
<b>ELACC7RL8:</b> (Not applicable to literature)	<b>ELACC7RI8:</b> Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.
<b>ELACC7RL9:</b> Compare and contrast a fictional text with a text of the same type...	<b>ELACC7RI9:</b> Analyze how two or more texts about the same topic...

# TEACHER GUIDANCE

FOR TRANSITION TO THE COMMON CORE  
GEORGIA PERFORMANCE STANDARDS



*GRADE SEVEN*





**GRADE 7**

**ELA CCGPS UNIT PLAN: 1<sup>st</sup> 9 WEEKS**

**This unit is provided as a sample of available resources and tasks; it is for informational purposes only. It is your responsibility to determine the value and appropriateness for your district. GaDOE does not endorse or recommend the use of any particular resource.**

**READING FOCUS : Literary**

**THEME: There and Back Again - What Science Fiction and Fantasy Can Teach Us About Ourselves**

**EXTENDED TEXT:** The Hobbit, J.R.R. Tolkien

**SHORT TEXTS LITERARY:**

The Martian Chronicles, Ray Bradbury, selected science fiction short stories:

“—And the Moon Be Still as Bright”

“The Martian”

“Sir Lancelot and Queen Guinevere,” Alfred Lord Tennyson, poem

<http://charon.sfsu.edu/TENNYSON/poems/lancelotguinevere.shtml>

“The Lady of Shalott,” Alfred Lord Tennyson, poem

<http://www.online-literature.com/tennyson/720/>

“The Shoddy Lands,” by C. S. Lewis, science fiction short story

<http://www.ele.uri.edu/faculty/vetter/Other-stuff/The-Shoddy-Lands.pdf>

Le Morte d'Arthur, Sir Thomas Malory

<http://www.sacred-texts.com/neu/mart/index.htm>

Dandelion Wine (Chapter 13 excerpted), “The Happiness Machine,” by Ray Bradbury

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# GPB Education

worth sharing     

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DOWNTON ABBEY

## Education Today

### Quick Links

- [PBS Learning Media](#)
- [Common Core](#)
- [Discovery Login](#)
- [PBS Teacherline](#)
- [Mission US](#)
- [S.T.E.M. Central](#)
- [Submit an Announcement](#)

### Programs

- [The Ignite Show](#)
- [Georgia Stories](#)
- [Salsa](#)
- [Chemistry & Physics](#)

Georgia joined with 45 other states and territories to develop a set of core standards for K-12 in English language arts and mathematics. The Common Core State Standards provide a consistent framework to prepare students for success in college and/or the 21st century workplace.



**Common Core Orientation, Sept...**  
Common Core Orientation, September 21, 2011



**Thank You**  
for making Georgia  
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a part of your life!

[DONATE NOW >](#)

**E-Newsletter  
Sign up now!**

**Read the  
E-Newsletter**

<http://www.gpb.org/education/common-core>

A yellow pencil with the brand name 'CELEST' printed on its side is positioned diagonally across the frame. The background is a vibrant gradient of red and orange, with a soft, out-of-focus effect. The pencil's tip is pointing towards the bottom left, and its eraser is at the top right.

**big unknown:**

**state  
assessments  
that will  
match the new  
standards**





**Action Steps for  
NOW to Elevate Your  
Role as an  
Instructional Leader  
and Partner**

**focus on informational text: be the resource and resident expert for informational texts in multiple formats**

**1**



# The End of Nonfiction: Common Core standards force us to rethink categorization

By [Christopher Harris](#) on  March 6, 2012  [6 Comments](#)

FROM

[School Library Journal](#)



Photo by CCAC North Library

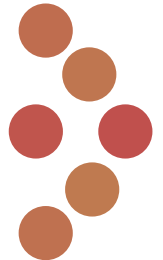
Reference is dead. Don't worry though, fiction and nonfiction will keep it good company in the great



# Classification methods



# Format



# Accessibility



## **Classification**

- Organization systems and methods
- Re-envisioning possibilities for informational texts (reference, nonfiction, primary sources,

## **Format**

- Print
- eBook
- Virtual (databases, subscriptions)

## **Accessibility**

- Research guides
- Formats for a variety of learning styles and modalities

2

balancing text complexity, content  
readiness, and student reading  
interests





thoughtful  
questioning





**NOT** arranging collections  
by Lexile scores



Quick Book Search:

Q [Advanced Search](#)  
Put an exact title or author in quotes (ex: "new moon")

About Lexile Measures

Using Lexile Measures

Common Core

Lexile Tools

Lexile Training



## Combat Summer Learning Loss: Read a Book!

When summer break starts, the formal learning process ends, and, instead of progressing, students start to slip in their abilities. Research demonstrates that if children read high interest, ability-appropriate books during the summer their reading skills can grow as much as their peers who attend summer school.

[Search for Books Now](#)

### More Information about Summer Reading

[State Education Agencies with Lexile based summer reading programs](#)

[How to build your own summer reading program](#)



### Spotlight



#### Have a Question?

Visit our Frequently Asked Questions to find an answer.

[Learn More](#)



#### Engaging English® Reading Service

Adult learners, want to improve your reading skill? Try [Engaging English](#) for free now!

[Learn More](#)



3

**use AASL resources to begin conversations about partnerships for learning and embedding library instruction into content areas to support Georgia Performance Common Core Standards**





AMERICAN ASSOCIATION  
OF SCHOOL LIBRARIANS

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A DIVISION OF THE AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

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You are at: [ALA.org](#) » [AASL](#) » [Guidelines and Standards](#) » [Crosswalk of the Common Core Standards and the Standards for the 21st-Century Learner](#)

[About AASL](#)

[Advocacy & Issues](#)

[Awards & Grants](#)

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[Education & Careers](#)

[External Relations](#)

[Guidelines & Standards](#)

[Best Websites for Teaching and Learning](#)

[Common Core State Standards Crosswalk](#)

[English Language Arts](#)

[Reading Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies](#)

## Crosswalk of the Common Core Standards and the Standards for the 21st-Century Learner

The following pages include tables that help school librarians learn how the AASL *Standards for the 21st-Century Learner* and the Common Core State Standards align.

[English Language Arts](#)

[Reading Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies](#)

[Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects](#)

[Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, & Technical Subjects](#)

[Mathematics](#)

Lessons submitted as part of the [Standards for the 21st-Century Learner Lesson Plan Database](#) contain an automatic crosswalk between AASL learning



**Learning4Life**



National implementation plan for AASL's learning standards and program guidelines. [more](#)



[About AASL](#)

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**[Guidelines & Standards](#)**

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[Common Core State Standards Crosswalk](#)

**[English Language Arts](#)**

[Reading Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies](#)

[Reading Standards for Literacy in Science & Technical Subjects](#)

## English Language Arts

### AASL Learning Standard to Common Core Standard(s) Crosswalk

- [Standard 1](#)
- [Standard 2](#)
- [Standard 3](#)
- [Standard 4](#)

### Common Core Standard to AASL Learning Standard(s) Crosswalk

- [Kindergarten](#)
- [Grade 1](#)
- [Grade 2](#)
- [Grade 3](#)
- [Grade 4](#)
- [Grade 5](#)
- [Grade 6](#)
- [Grade 7](#)
- [Grade 8](#)
- [Grades 9 & 10](#)
- [Grades 11 & 12](#)



#### Learning4Life



National implementation plan for AASL's learning standards and program guidelines. [more](#)

[Common Core Crosswalk](#)





About AASL

Advocacy & Issues

Awards & Grants

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External Relations

Guidelines & Standards

Publications & Journals

Research & Statistics

# Standards for the 21st-Century Learner Lesson Plan Database



The American Association of School Librarians' (AASL) Standards for the 21st-Century Learner Lesson Plan Database is a tool to support school librarians and other educators in teaching the essential learning skills defined in the AASL *Standards for the 21st-Century Learner*. To register and begin using the Lesson Plan Database, visit <http://aasl.jesandco.org>.

Users can search the database for lesson plans by learning standards and indicators, content topic, grade-level, resources used, type of lesson or schedule, keyword and much more. In addition, registered users can bookmark lesson plans in a portfolio for future use, rate and comment on lesson plans in the community, print to PDF and socially share lesson plans on the web, and create and publish their own lesson plans in the database.

Submissions to the Lesson Plan Database are vetted by AASL reviewers to ensure lesson plans published are of the highest quality. The lesson plan template was developed using the Action Example Template from *Standards for*



### Learning4Life



National implementation plan for AASL's learning standards and program guidelines. [more](#)

Share this page:



<http://www.ala.org/aasl/guidelinesandstandards/lessonplandatabase/lessonplandb>

# 4 mentor and support informational writing and content creation



# Digital Writing and the Common Core



“Writing today,” say the authors of [Because Digital Writing Matters](#), “is pervasively and generally digital; composed with digital tools; created out of word, image, sound, and motion; circulated in digital environments; and consumed across a wide range of digital platforms.” Many teachers are wondering, however, whether digital writing can align with the ELA strand of the [Common Core State Standards](#), now adopted by 45 states and DC.

[read more about this collection](#)

## RESOURCES IN THIS COLLECTION



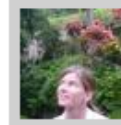
Digital Text & the Common Core Standards

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Serious Comics

[READ MORE](#)



Collected by  
[Christina Cantrill](#)  
on Nov 04 11

Hello! My name is Christina and I work at the National Writing Project and direct the Digital Is project. My writing project roots are based at PhilWP, the...

## SHARE/DISCUSS

[+](#) SHARE



[JUMP TO DISCUSSIONS](#)



## PARTICIPATE

Add your voice to the conversation!



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<http://digitalis.nwp.org/collection/digital-writing-and-common-core#overview-more>





**Rigorous Learning  
with  
21st-Century  
Technology**

**Kristin Fontichiaro**

**[blog.schoollibrarymedia.com](http://blog.schoollibrarymedia.com)**

**<http://www.fontichiaro.com/uploads/2011/VT-rigor-web.pdf>**

# Mediums for Composition

Media 21, Spring 2012

## Digital Composition

- VoiceThread
- Prezi
- Presentation zen  
style video (we will create in PPT and Ms. Hamilton will help you use special software to record your video/narration and publish your video of your "composition")

## Traditional Text Research Paper

- Traditional multi-paragraph text research paper

## Multigenre Composition

- Mixed medium multigenre composition (text + multigenre elements in an online medium like Wikispaces, Netvibes, Weebly, or Wordpress )
- Multigenre composition (text + multigenre elements) incorporated into a Word document that we will publish as a PDF file

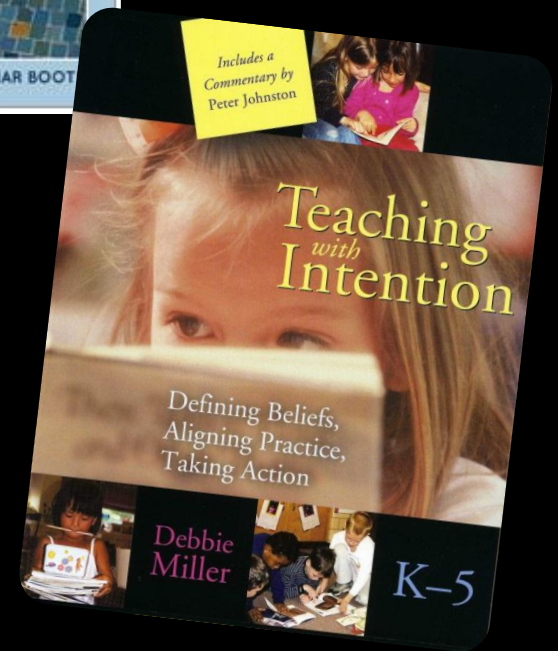
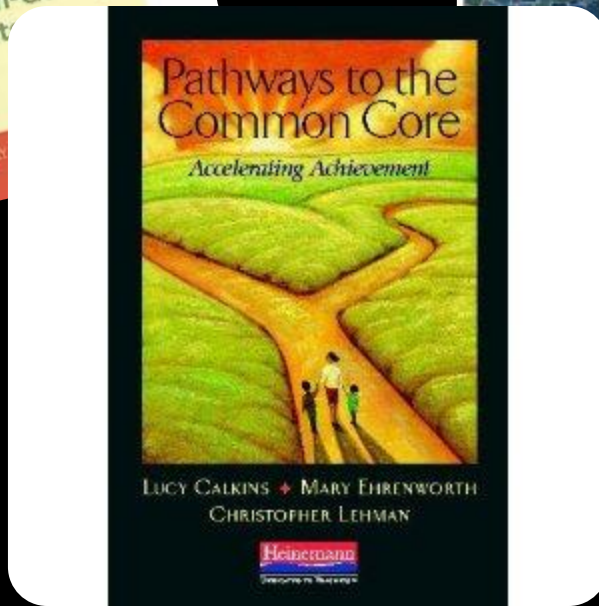
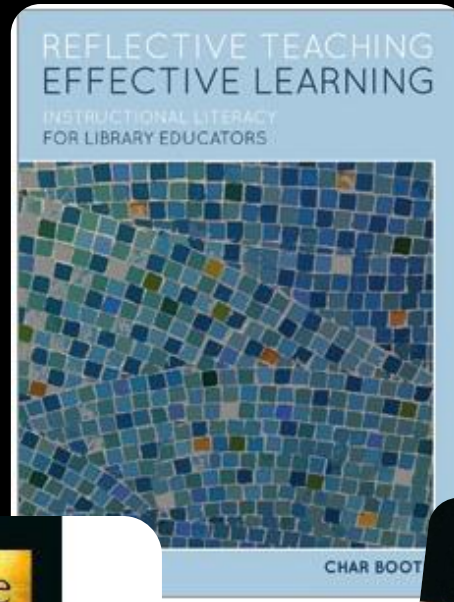


**5**

**flex your instructional design  
and instructional literacy  
muscles in the context of  
content based research units**











## Participatory Learning and You!

### The 4 C's – practices of participation (in no particular order):

**Create** – we are no longer only consumers of media, but “creators” too

**Circulate** – how and where we spread media

**Collaborate** – working with others via virtual spaces, such as Wikipedia and alternative reality games to complete tasks and form new knowledge

**Connect** – forming online affiliations through memberships in communities centered around media, such as Facebook, YouTube, gaming and blogs

The New Media Literacies constitute the core cultural competencies and social skills that young people need in our new media landscape. We call them “literacies,” but they change the focus of literacy from one of individual expression to one of community involvement. They build on the foundation of traditional literacy, research skills, technical skills, and critical analysis skills taught in the classroom.

**Play**— the capacity to experiment with one’s surroundings as a form of problem-solving

**Performance**— the ability to adopt alternative identities for the purpose of improvisation and discovery

**Simulation**— the ability to interpret and construct dynamic models of real-world processes

**Appropriation**— the ability to meaningfully sample and remix media content

**Multitasking**— the ability to scan one’s environment and shift focus as needed to salient details

**Distributed Cognition**— the ability to interact meaningfully with tools that expand mental capacities

**Collective Intelligence**— the ability to pool knowledge and compare notes with others toward a common goal

**Judgment**— the ability to evaluate the reliability and credibility of different information sources

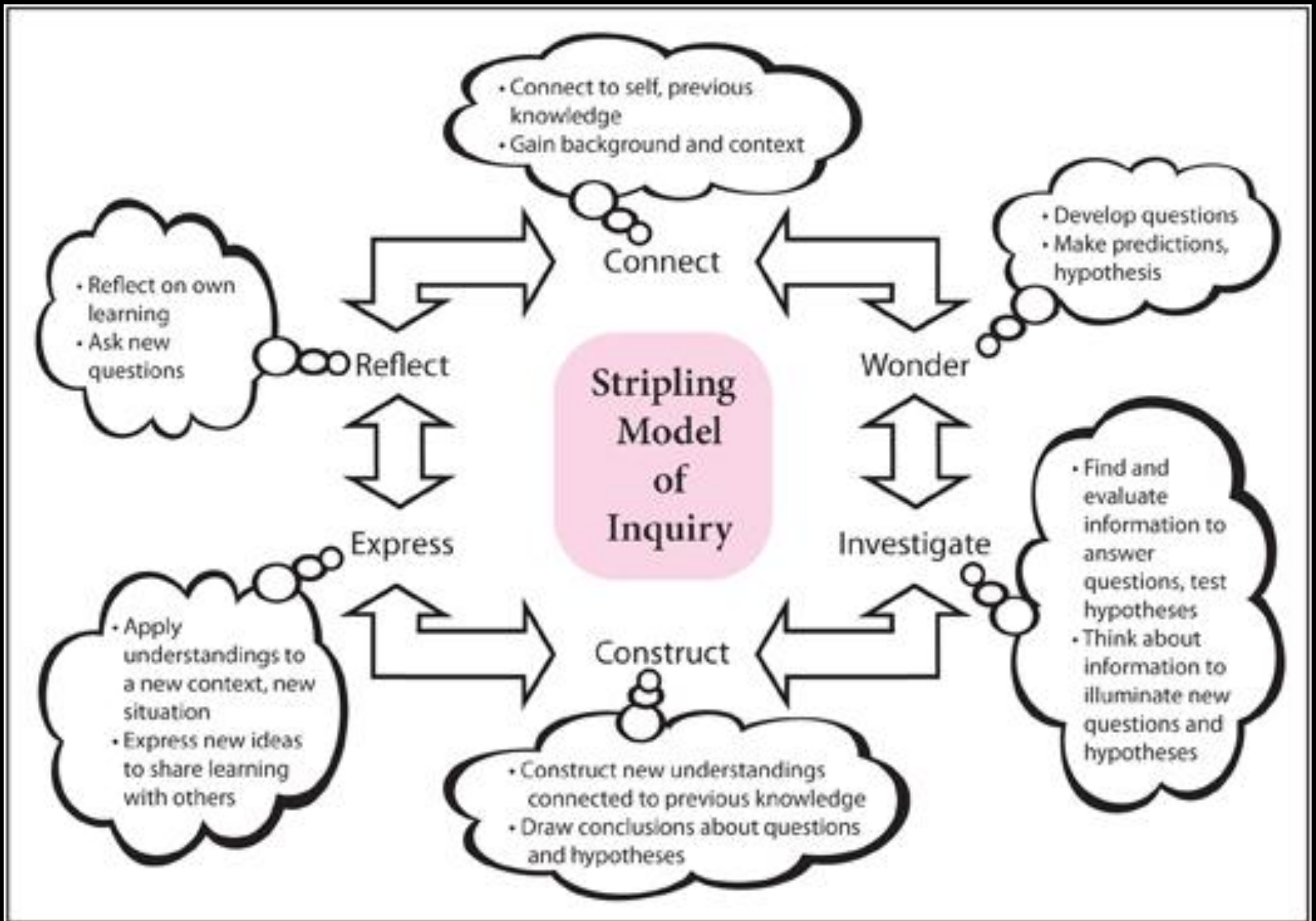
**Transmedia Navigation**— the ability to follow the flow of stories and information across multiple modalities

**Networking**— the ability to search for, synthesize, and disseminate information

**Negotiation**— the ability to travel across diverse communities, discerning and respecting multiple perspectives, and grasping and following alternative norms

**Visualization**— the ability to create and interpret data representations for the purpose of expressing ideas, finding patterns, and identifying trends

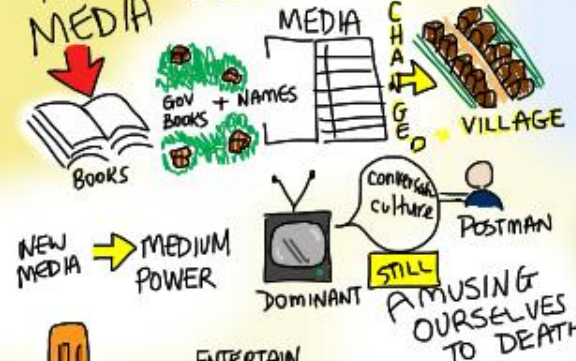




# FROM KNOWLEDGEABLE TO KNOWLEDGE-ABLE FOR NEW MEDIA ENVIRONMENTS

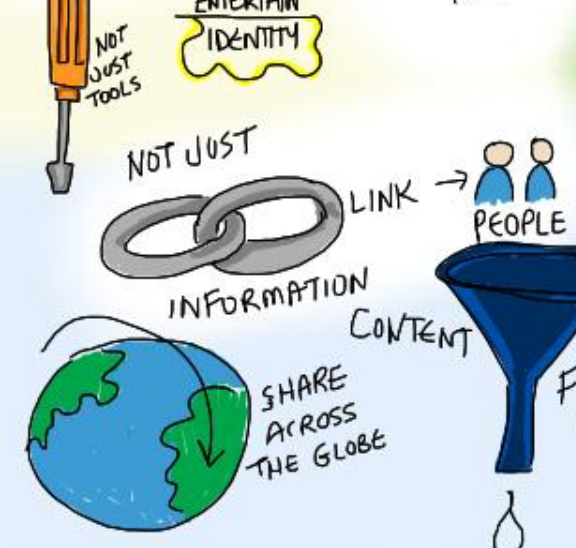
# Mike Wesch

THE STORY BEGINS

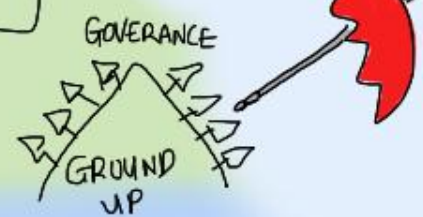


## NEW MEDIA LITERACY

## META media Literacy



## Connect REAL problems



TECHNOLOGY (alone) is not the answer

Georgia Performance Common  
Core Standards are **NOT**  
prescriptive—  
they are designed to allow  
teachers to be creative and  
thoughtful in how the standards  
are taught



L-FLIP BACK TOP

BREAK SEAL-FLIP

**64**

**DIFFERENT  
BRILLIANT  
COLORS**



**provide instructional leadership and co-develop  
professional development**





**CREATING**  
the  
**FUTURE**  
for  
**LIBRARIES**



**“The future of school libraries and school librarians hangs in the balance. But the final decision cannot be made by administrators or school boards alone. It must be shaped and made by librarians in concert with, and frankly, at times in opposition to those who hold power in our schools. We must shape the future not to save ourselves, our jobs, or some sense of tradition. *No, we win this victory for our students.*”**

**Dr. R. David Lankes**

*School Libraries: What's Now, What's Next, What's Yet to Come*

<http://www.smashwords.com/books/view/96705>



*embrace the  
wobbles*





**leave your  
learning  
silo**



**embrace pivot points  
for positive change to  
build a new vision  
for librarianship**







change and  
understanding=  
*innovation*

Participatory Librarianship and Change Agents: <http://blip.tv/file/1566813>

CC image via <http://www.flickr.com/photos/marcwathieu/2980385784/sizes//in/faves-10557450@N04/>

Thank

You



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